

A Native AP-210 Prototype 3-D Package Modeler

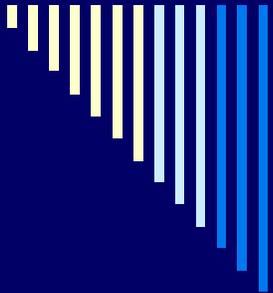
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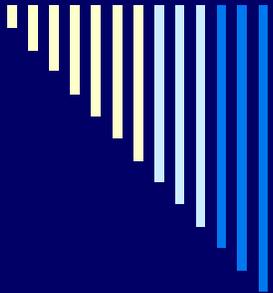
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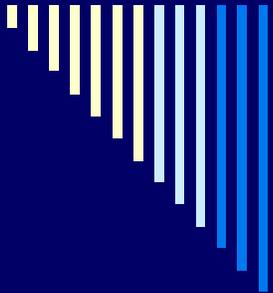
Executive summary:

- Present results of one-year effort to develop a prototype of a native AP-210 package modeler
- Problems with the 'conversion' approach
 - Incompleteness of input model
 - Trying to infer information leads to problems
- Advantages of a 'native approach'
 - Combining the
 - strong user interface and parametric template capabilities of a commercial mechanical modeling environment with the
 - comprehensive and standardized data format of STEP AP210 into a single design environment
 - Allows for the generation and use of package libraries



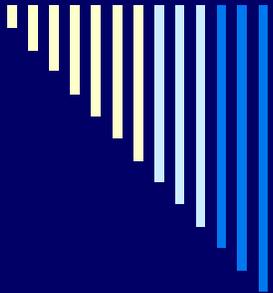
Executive summary (cont'd):

- To develop a design environment in which the information needed for populating the AP-210 model is explicitly identified during the design process
 - Used Parametric Technologies Corporation's *Pro/Engineer* tool
 - *Designed model templates* in Pro/E to guide user and allow for the systematic organization of model data for easy access during the generation of the AP210 file
 - Developed a suite of routines assembled under what we call the '*Geometric Bridge*' that uses PTC's Java interface (J-Link)
 - Developed AP-210 file generator (that uses LK-Soft's *JSDAI* a java-based standard data access interface library for STEP)



Outline:

- Project Objective
- Emphasis and Limitations
- System architecture
- Implementation Approach
- User-interface
- Implementation
 - Data structure of geometric bridge
 - Solid Model Exploration and Data population
 - STEP AP-210 File Generation Procedure
- Test cases and Results



Project Objective:

- To develop a package modeler native to STEP AP-210
 - 'Input' model needs
 - many geometric constructs
 - Package body
 - Leads
 - Seating plane
 - Dimensions
 - Footprint
 - ...
 - functional capabilities of features called for in the standard
- 'Parametric' capability based on package technology provides for rapid generation of 'library' objects
 - can be used to facilitate the population of a component library with AP210 packaged parts

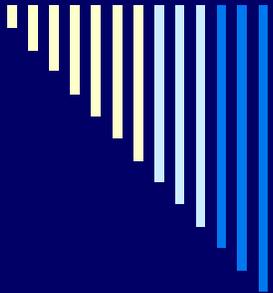
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(* SCHEMA AP210_ARM; *)
ENTITY package
  SUPERTYPE OF (altered_package)
  SUBTYPE OF (physical_unit_usage_view);
  mounting_technology : mounting_technology_type;
  maximum_seating_plane_installation_offset : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  surface_mount_lead_form : OPTIONAL lead_form_type;
  nominal_mounting_lead_pitch : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  nominal_mounting_lead_span : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  maximum_body_height_above_seating_plane : length_data_element;
  maximum_body_height_below_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  maximum_body_clearance_above_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  maximum_body_clearance_below_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  minimum_body_clearance_above_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  minimum_body_clearance_below_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  maximum_lead_length_below_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;
  least_lead_length_below_seating_plane : OPTIONAL length_data_element;

  DERIVE
    maximum_package_total_vertical_extent : length_data_element :=
      max_data_element(add_data_element(maximum_body_height_above_seating_plane,
        maximum_body_height_below_seating_plane),
        add_data_element(maximum_body_height_above_seating_plane,
          maximum_lead_length_below_seating_plane));
    cutout_required : BOOLEAN :=
      (maximum_body_height_below_seating_plane\data_element.measure_value > 0.0);
    maximum_installed_height : length_data_element :=
      add_data_element(maximum_body_height_above_seating_plane,
        maximum_seating_plane_installation_offset);

  INVERSE
    body : SET[0:1] OF package_body FOR associated_definition;
    package_seating_plane : non_feature_shape_element FOR scope;
    interface_plane : SET[0:?] OF non_feature_shape_element FOR scope;
    package_accesses : SET[0:?] OF package_terminal FOR associated_definition;
    package_polarity_indication : SET[0:1] OF part_feature FOR associated_definition;
    package_primary_orientation_feature : SET[0:1] OF part_feature FOR associated_definition;
    package_secondary_orientation_feature : SET[0:1] OF part_feature FOR associated_definition;
    package_tertiary_orientation_feature : SET[0:1] OF part_feature FOR associated_definition;
    of_datum_reference_frame : SET[0:?] OF non_feature_shape_element FOR scope;

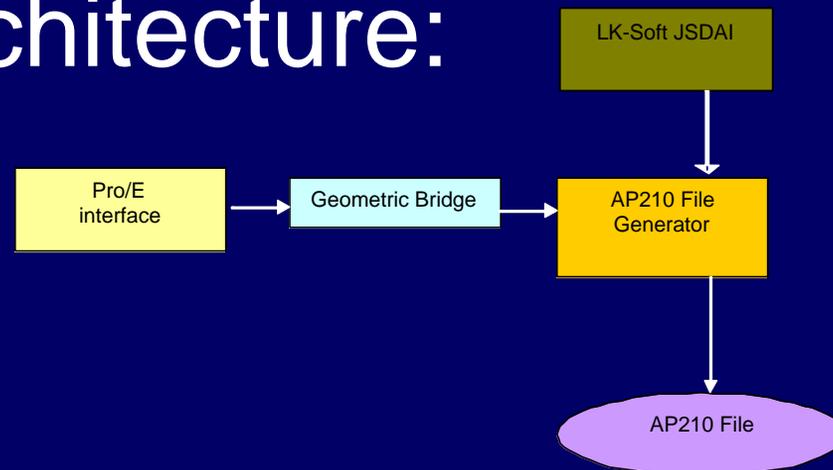
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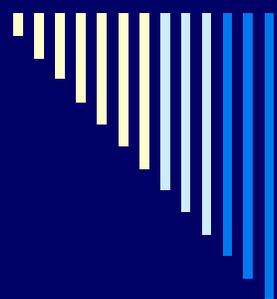
Emphasis and Limitations:

- As with any prototype implementation, emphasis on
 - demonstrating solutions to the major obstacles in a full-scale implementation
 - generating the geometric entities in the AP210 file
 - therefore, certain other essential data for a valid AP210 file has been populated with default values
- Have limited our focus to faceted (planar) solid models only
- Based on working draft (WD) 48_8 of the AIM schema

System Architecture:



- 'High-level' architecture
- **Pro/E interface:** Advantages inherent in the Pro/Engineer® system
 - *geometric modeling and user interface capabilities*
 - *availability of non-manifold operations*
 - *Java API access*
 - *Parametric design philosophy*
- **AP-210 File generator:** Populates the AP-210 Building Factory classes
- **STEP model management system:** LK-Soft JSDAI
- **Geometric bridge:** Links together the Pro/Engineer interface and the AP-210 Building factory classes

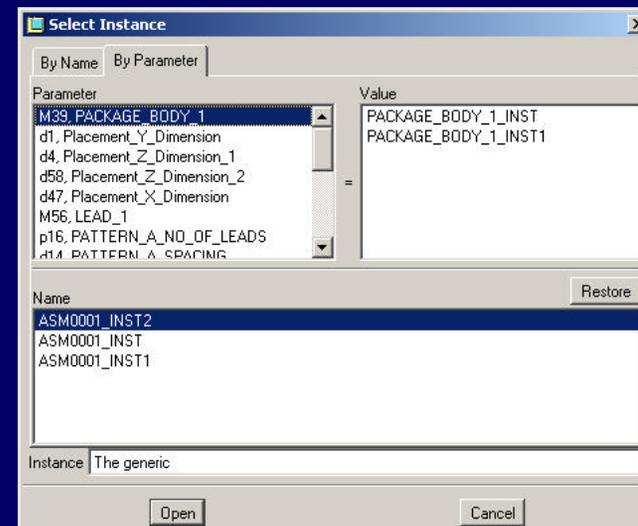
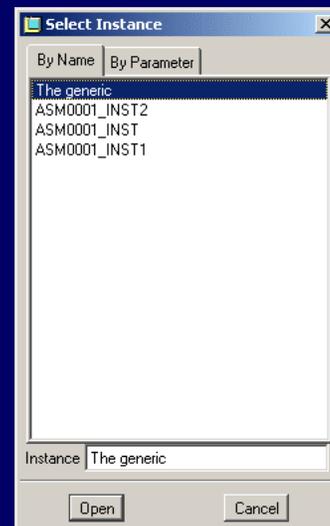


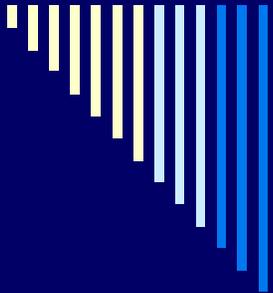
Implementation Approach:

- Concept to allow the use of pre-defined library templates that are easily parameterized
- User can also develop his / her own templates for new package 'styles'
 - Starting from scratch
 - Following some minimal guidelines
 - Thus building a library of customizable packages

User Interface Walk-Through:

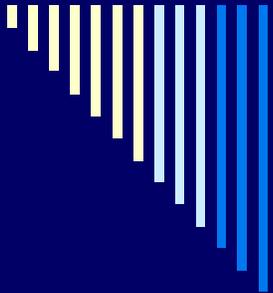
- Selection of a pre-defined package style results in the request for a choice between the *generic* (and therefore, user-customizable) version of the library object, and instances of the library object that were defined in an earlier session





User Interface Walk-Through:

- ❑ **Scenario 1:** Generate an AP-210 native file for a previously defined package assembly instance
- ❑ **Scenario 2:** Open the *generic* version of the library package-style, view and modify parameters for the package library object to create a unique instance
- ❑ **Scenario 3:** Define a *new library object*, must follow a minimal set of design guidelines in order to provide the necessary information required to populate a complete and valid STEP AP-210 file



User Interface Walk-Through:

□ Scenario 2:

■ Concept of a Family Table:

□ Excel-like spreadsheet,

- Rows represent different parametric instances of the same generic package assembly
- Columns represent different parameters defined for the assembly
- Individual cells containing values for those parameters

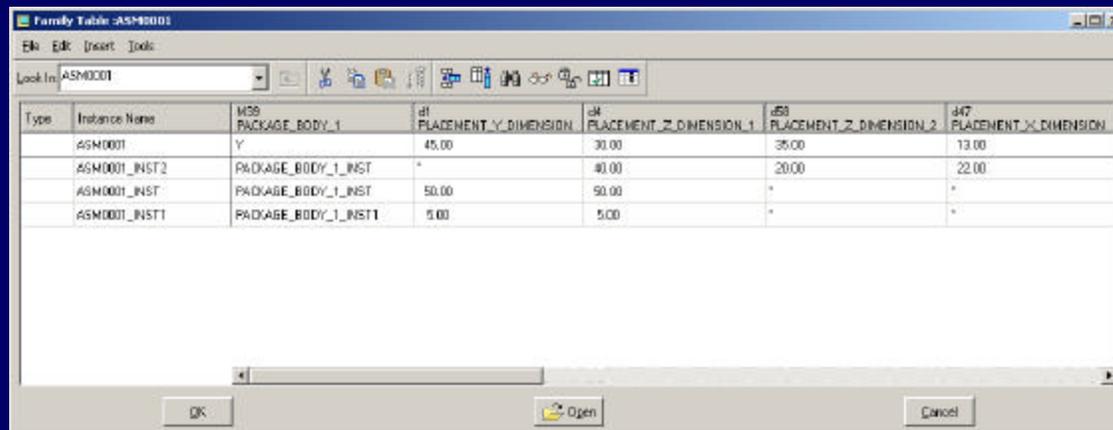
□ Interface allows the user to

- edit or add parameter definitions and values
- to add, remove, modify and open for viewing existing instances

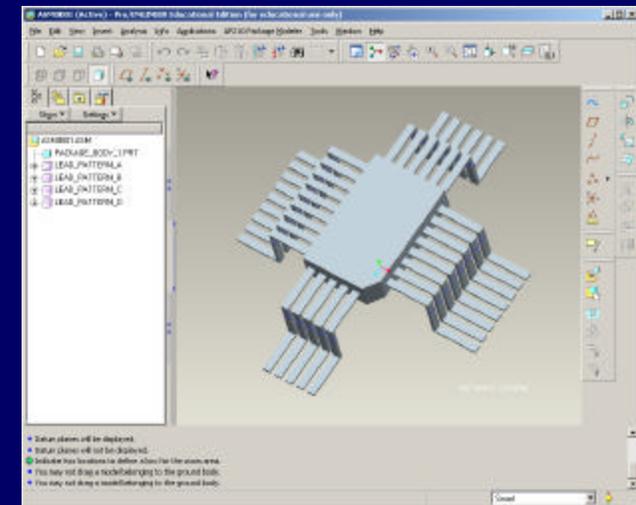
□ Multiple instances of the same package template can

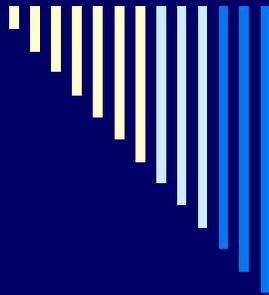
- use different instances of a similarly generically defined package body or lead
- suppress or resume package assembly features
- change package dimensions, lead pitches, lead counts etc.

User Interface Walk-Through:

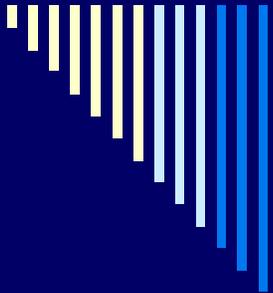


Type	Instance Name	M39 PACKAGE_BODY_1	d1 PLACEMENT_Y_DIMENSION	d4 PLACEMENT_Z_DIMENSION_1	d53 PLACEMENT_Z_DIMENSION_2	d47 PLACEMENT_X_DIMENSION
ASMD001	Y		45.00	30.00	35.00	13.00
ASMD001_INST2	PACKAGE_BODY_1_INST	*		40.00	20.00	22.00
ASMD001_INST	PACKAGE_BODY_1_INST		50.00	50.00	*	*
ASMD001_INST1	PACKAGE_BODY_1_INST1		5.00	5.00	*	*





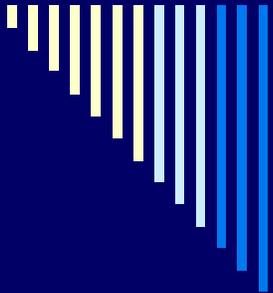
PACKAGE_BODY_INSTANCE	Parametric variant of package body template to be used in assembly
PKG_BODY_X_PLACEMENT	X placement of the package body w.r.t. the assembly co-ordinate system
PKG_BODY_Y_PLACEMENT	Y placement of the package body w.r.t. the assembly co-ordinate system
PKG_BODY_Z_PLACEMENT	Z placement of the package body w.r.t. the assembly co-ordinate system
LEAD_INSTANCE	Parametric variant of lead template to be used in assembly
LEAD_GROUP_1_NO_OF_LEADS	Lead count for the first group
LEAD_GROUP_1_SPACING	Lead pitch for the first group
LEAD_GROUP_1_X_PLACEMENT	X placement of the right-most lead from the X-parallel face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_1_Y_PLACEMENT	Y placement of the leads from the top face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_2_NO_OF_LEADS	Lead count for the first group
LEAD_GROUP_2_SPACING	Lead pitch for the first group
LEAD_GROUP_2_Z_PLACEMENT	Z placement of the right-most lead from the Z-parallel face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_2_Y_PLACEMENT	Y placement of the leads from the top face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_3_NO_OF_LEADS	Lead count for the second group
LEAD_GROUP_3_SPACING	Lead pitch for the second group
LEAD_GROUP_3_X_PLACEMENT	X placement of the right-most lead from the X-parallel face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_3_Y_PLACEMENT	Y placement of the leads from the top face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_4_NO_OF_LEADS	Lead count for the third group
LEAD_GROUP_4_SPACING	Lead pitch for the third group
LEAD_GROUP_4_Z_PLACEMENT	Z placement of the right-most lead from the Z-parallel face of the package body
LEAD_GROUP_4_Y_PLACEMENT	Y placement of the leads from the top face of the package body
SEATING_PLANE_Y_PLACEMENT	Y placement of the seating datum plane from the top face of the package body
MOUNTING_TECHNOLOGY	Mounting style
MAX_HT_ABOVE_SEATING_PLANE	Maximum height of package body above the seating datum plane



User Interface Walk-Through:

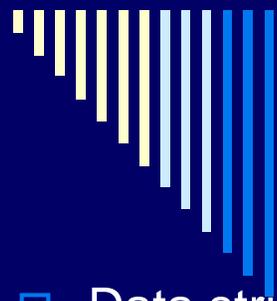
□ Scenario 3:

- Package assembly along with package body must be designed to have y-axis of default PTC co-ordinate system to be normal to the top face of package body
- Package assembly must be designed as Pro/E mechanical assembly and contain package details as described underneath:
- *Package body:*
 - must be designed as a Pro/E part
 - must be named with a string beginning with PACKAGE_BODY_
 - cannot contain special features like import or surface features
- *Package terminals:*
 - must be all be of a single template design
 - are segregated into the primary reference terminal ('pin 1') and other pins (transformations of the primary lead).
 - only one lead that needs to be designed as a Pro/E part
 - named with a string beginning with LEAD_
 - leads numbered automatically starting from the primary reference lead as pin 1
 - can be placed in the package assembly in patterns using Pro/Engineer's patterning capabilities



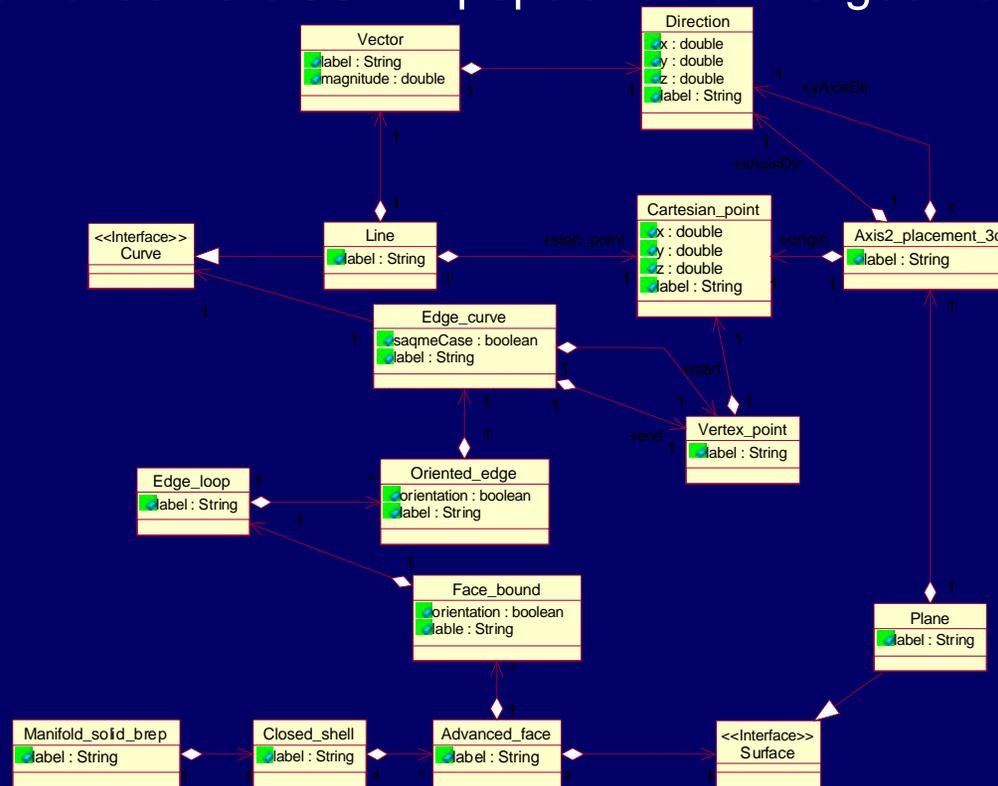
User Interface Walk-Through:

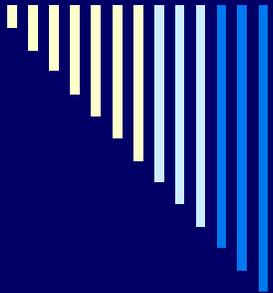
- **Scenario 3 (cont'd):**
 - *Primary orientation feature*
 - is a designated surface of the package body
 - is identified to the system through the creation of a datum plane concurrent with the desired surface of the package body named PRIMARY_ORIENTATION_DATUM
 - *Parameters*
 - The package assembly must minimally define two parameters on the assembly object, with string values attached to both, named:
 - MOUNTING_TECHNOLOGY
 - MAX_BODY_HT_ABOVE_SEATING_PLANE
 - *Seating plane*
 - must be defined as a datum plane parallel to the default asm_top datum plane in the assembly and must be named SEATING_PLANE.
 - *Footprint*
 - must be defined by creating a cross-section of the package assembly with the seating plane and by using this section to define the intersection datum curves.
 - The datum curves must be encapsulated in a composite curve called FOOTPRINT



Implementation: Data structure of geometric bridge

- Data structure designed to closely match the geometric structures used by AP-210 in order to facilitate JSDAI population of the geometric entities

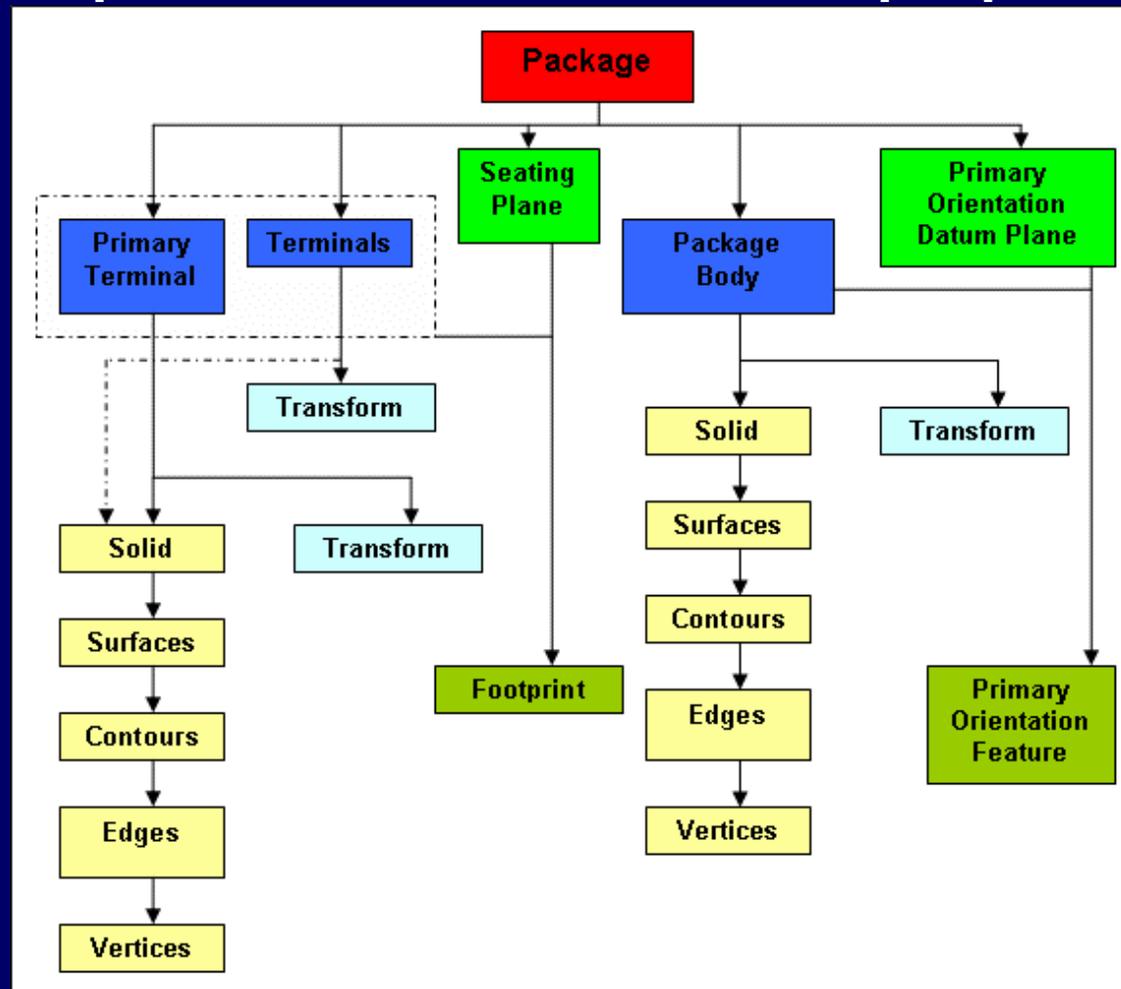


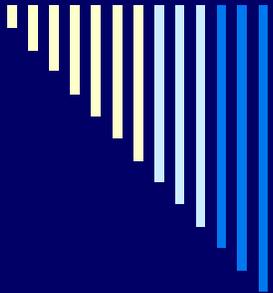


Implementation: Solid Model Exploration and Data population

- ❑ Pro/Engineer's Java API J-Link® used to explore geometry of assembly contained in Pro/E and pass it to AP-210 building factory methods
- ❑ Non-primary *terminals* have their own transformation matrix but point to the same solid geometry as that of *primary terminal*.
- ❑ *Terminals* intersect with the *seating plane* to form the *footprint* for the package. The *footprint* is specified by a list of closed contours that lie on the *seating plane*.
- ❑ Surface of the *package body* that is coincident with the *primary orientation datum plane* forms the *primary orientation feature*.

Implementation: Solid Model Exploration and Data population



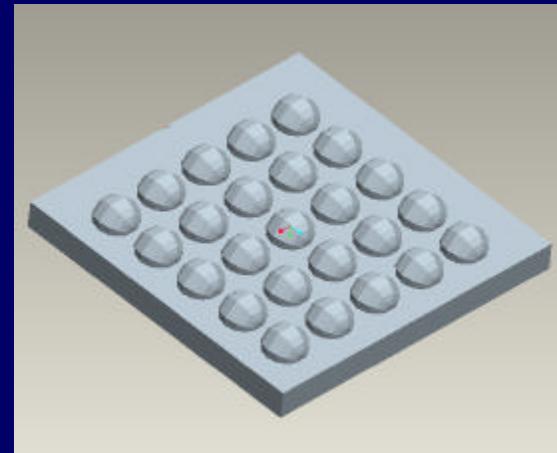
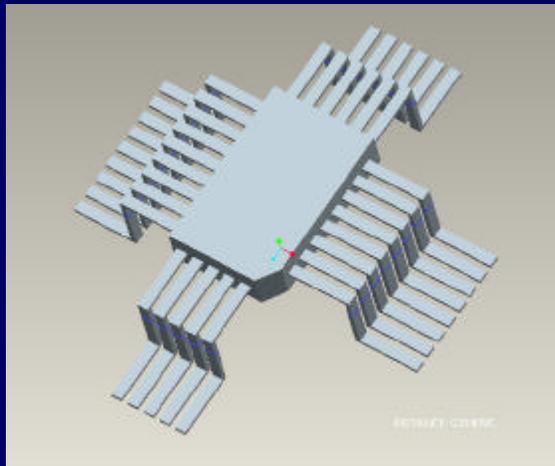


Implementation: STEP AP-210 File Generation Procedure

- Have employed LK-SOFT JSDAI APIs to build the AP210 file generation factory classes
- Solid model exploration and data filling
? data stored in objects in geometric bridge
- these objects and their inter-relationships are utilized by the AP-210 file generator to generate the file

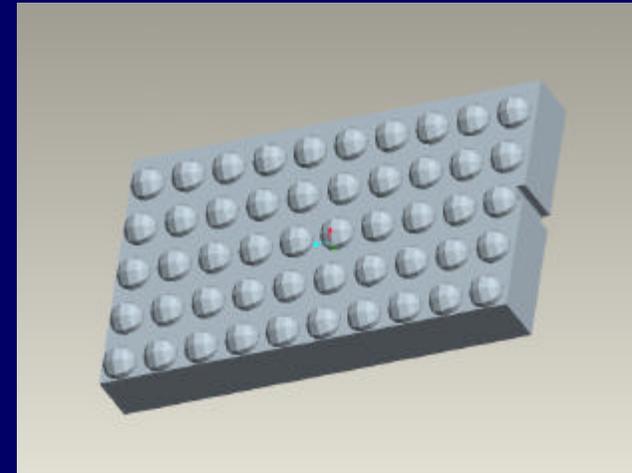
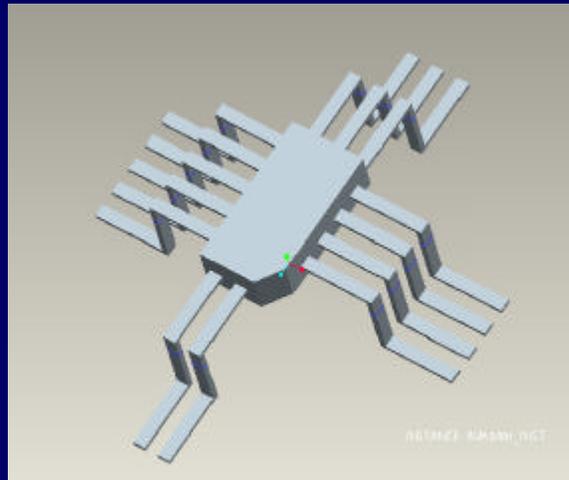
Test cases and Results:

- Developed some prototype generic package assemblies using the tool in order to demonstrate and validate its capabilities

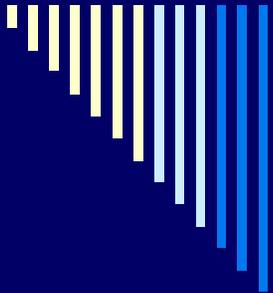


Test cases and Results:

- For both of these package assemblies, several parametric variants were created

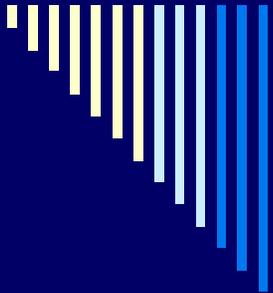


- Generated AP210 file for is plain text output

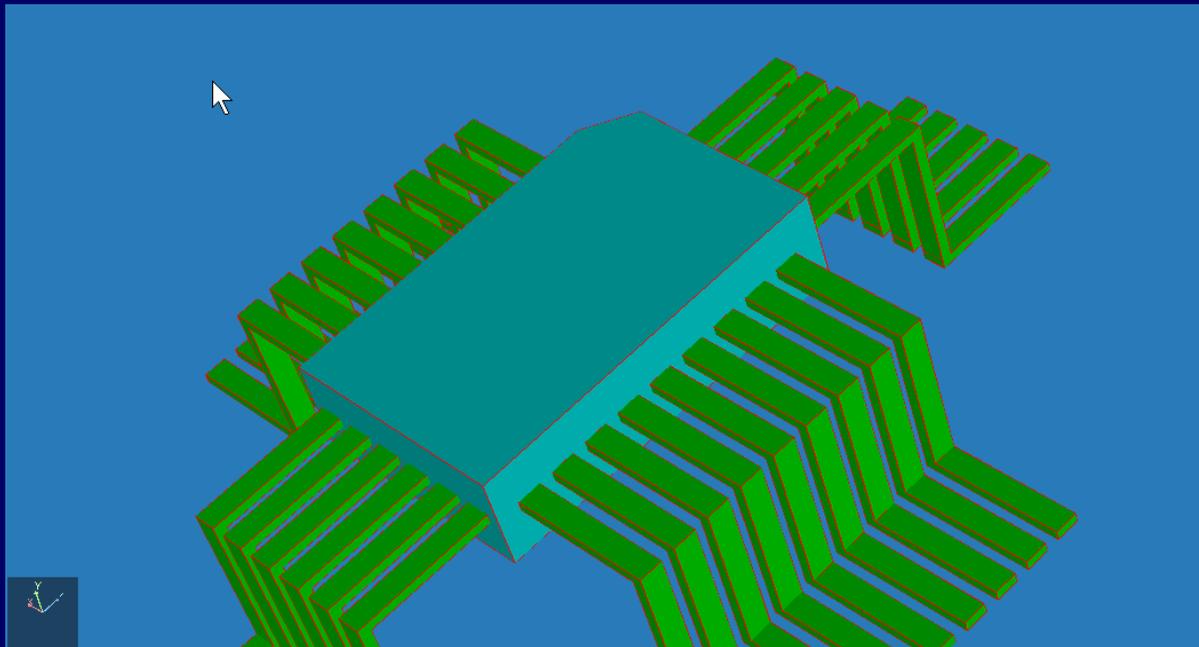


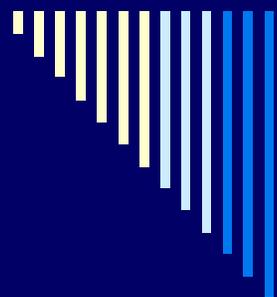
Validation and Tests

- ✓ PD-Tec Instance Checker
- ✓ Espresso Express Engine
- ✓ STEP-Book (footprint, seating plane remain)
- ✓ Pro/Engineer AP-203 reader
- ✓ EPM Technology Express Data Manager

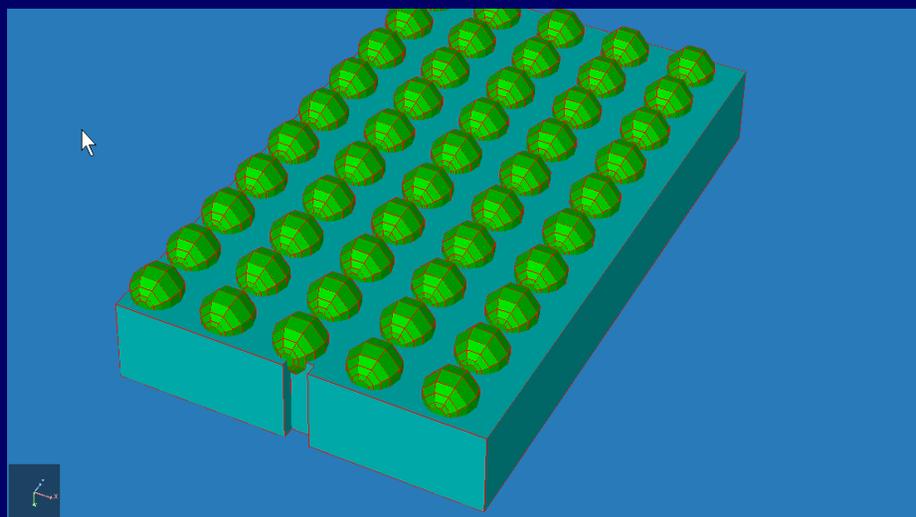


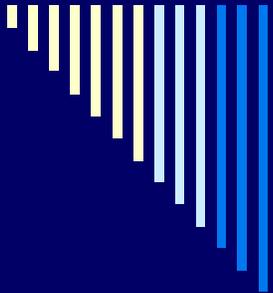
STEP-Book Validation:





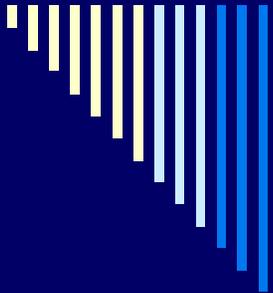
STEP-Book Validation:





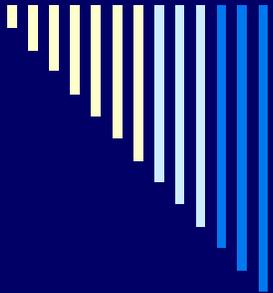
Conclusion:

- Prototype native AP-210 package modeler has been developed leveraging the
 - strengths of the geometric modeling and user interface capabilities of Pro/E
 - AP-210 population routines of the LK-Soft JSDAI
- Hope to provide designers with the
 - ability to directly generate AP-210 native files
 - without having to go through non-standard third-party file formats
 - capture all needed input in the design environment



Next steps... :

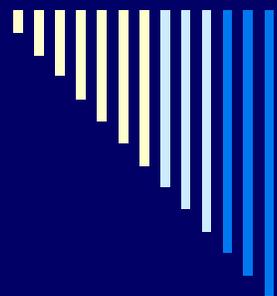
- ❑ Implementation: curves and surfaces
- ❑ Full compliance with validation tools
- ❑ Improved UI
- ❑ Other data to be captured from designer
- ❑ More intricate package model
- ❑ Conform to latest version of the published AP210 standard



Acknowledgements:

- Tom Thurman, Michael Benda, Rockwell Collins
- LK-Soft GmbH
- PDTec GmbH
- Doug Cheney, ITI-Transcendata
- Peter Denno, NIST
- PTC Tech. Support
- ...

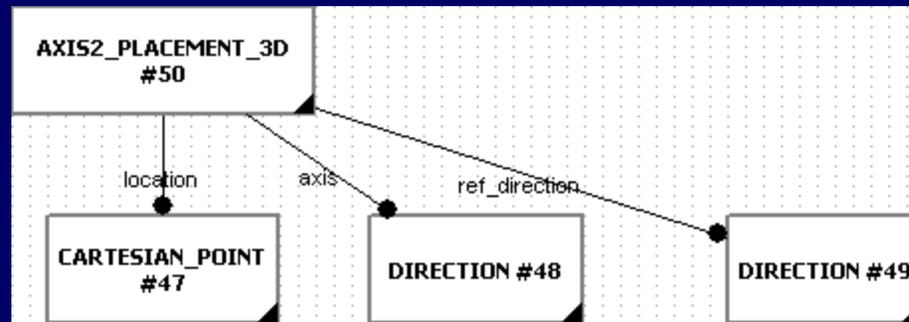
*This project was supported by a grant received from NIST



Thank You

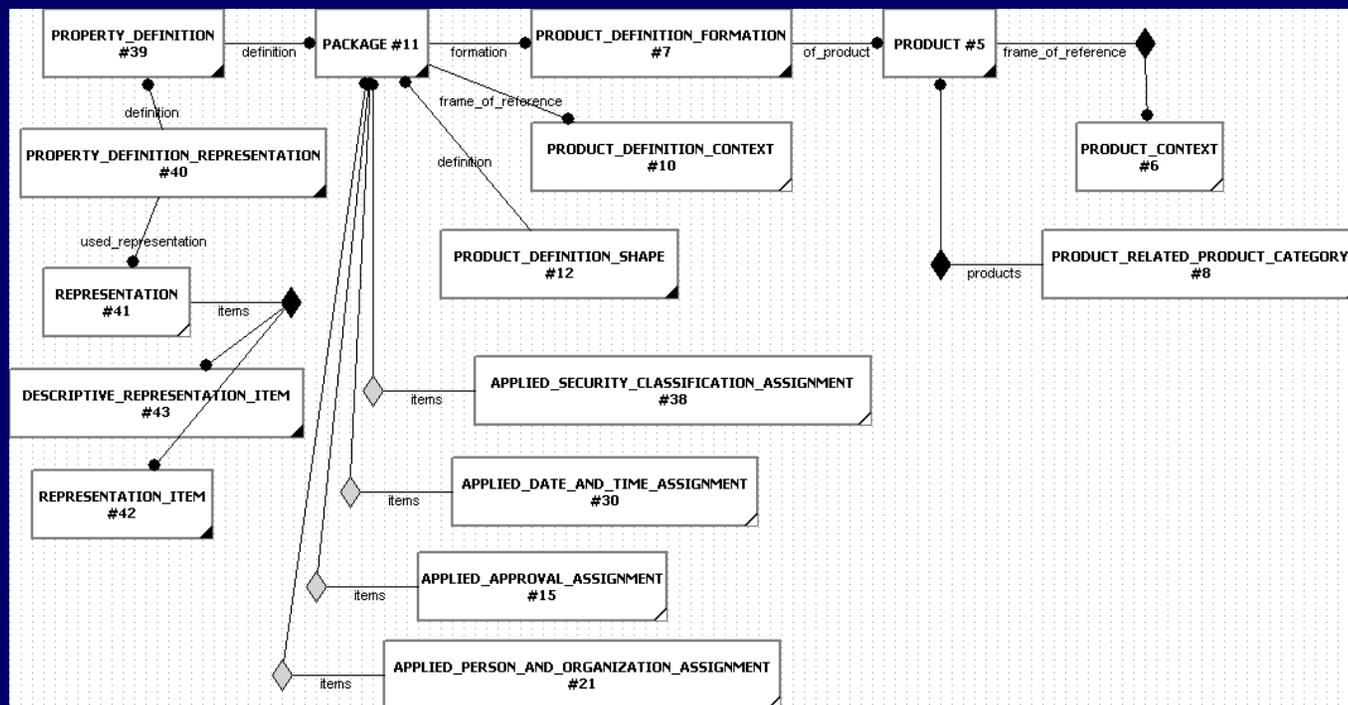
AP-210 Entities populated:

- Population of the Axis2_placement_3d structure



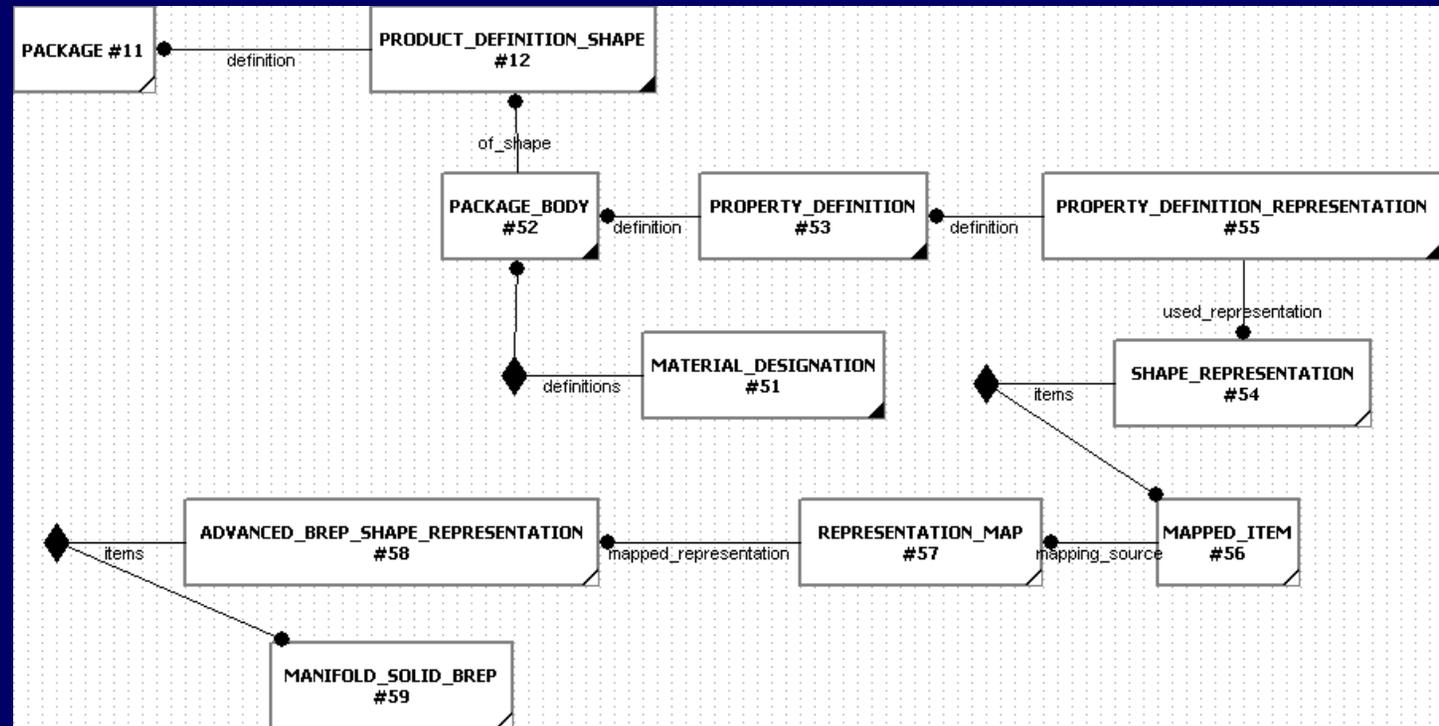
AP-210 Entities populated:

- Population of the Package structure along with other high-level information



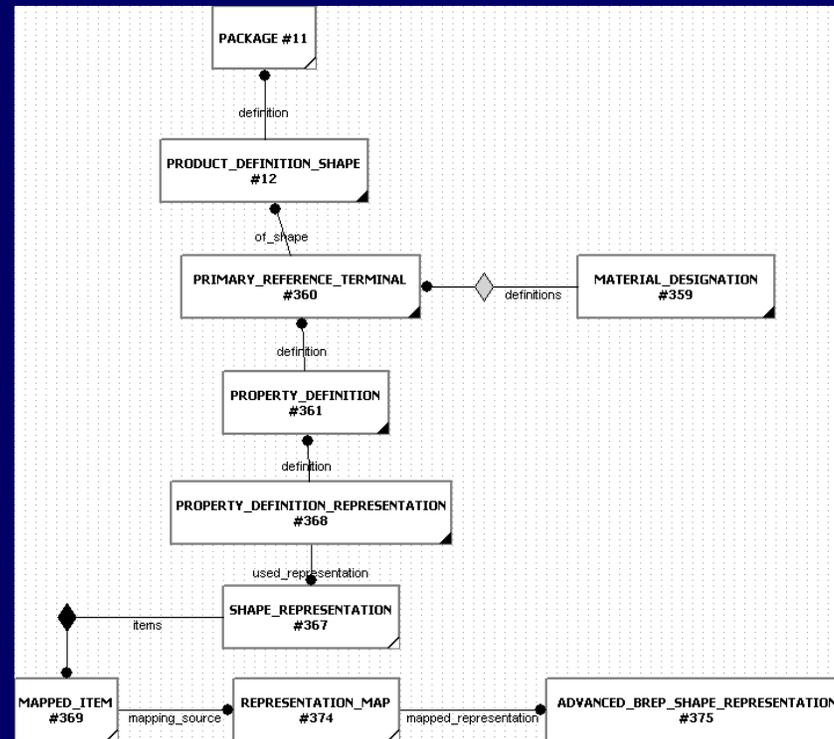
AP-210 Entities populated:

□ Population of the Package body structure



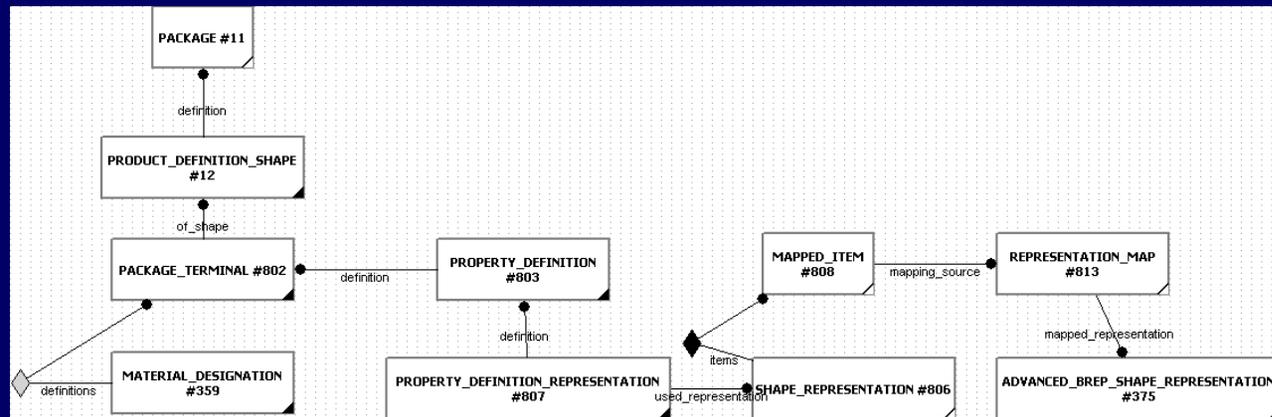
AP-210 Entities populated:

- Population of the Primary reference terminal structure



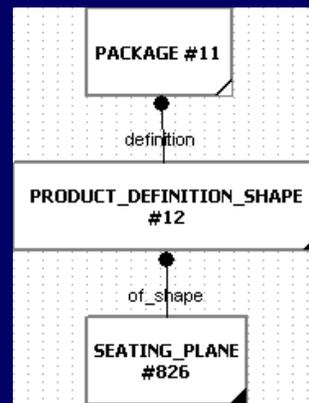
AP-210 Entities populated:

- Population of the Package terminal structure



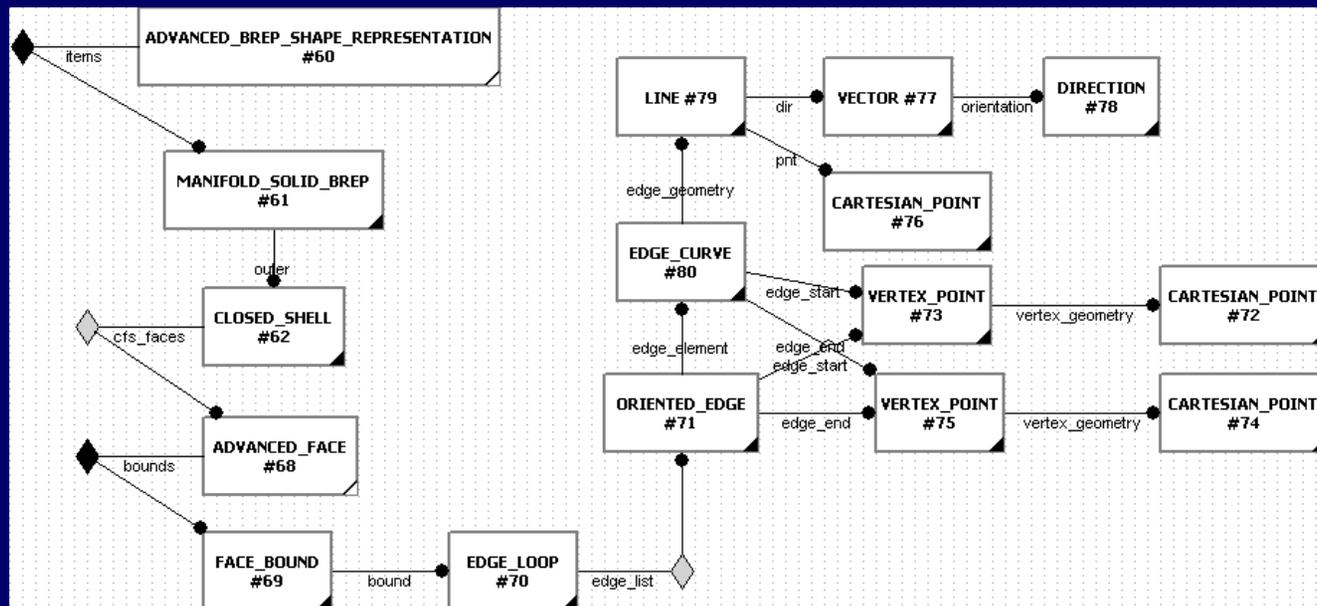
AP-210 Entities populated:

- Population of the Seating plane structure



AP-210 Entities populated:

- Population of the Boundary representation structure



AP-210 Entities populated:

Population of the Footprint structure

